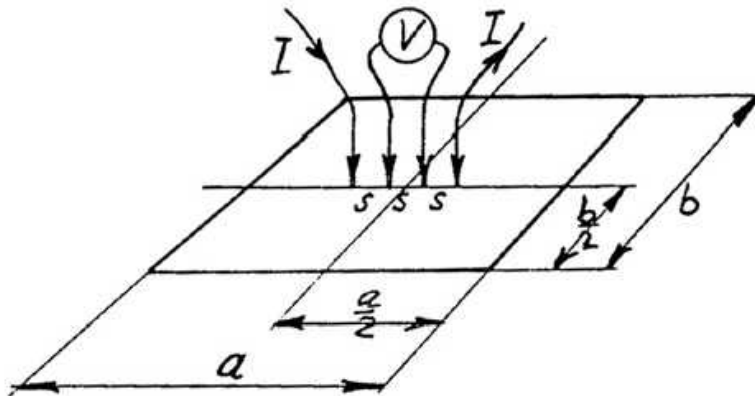


K) THIN, RECTANGULAR SLICE.K.1) Rectangular Slice.thickness $t < \frac{b}{2}$

This configuration has been treated by Smits (e). The resistivity is given by;

$$\rho = G \frac{V}{I}, \quad G = \frac{\pi}{\ln 2} \cdot t \cdot R_1\left(\frac{b}{s}, \frac{a}{b}\right) \quad (25)$$

where

$\frac{\pi}{\ln 2} \cdot t = 4,5324 \cdot t$ is the geometric factor for an infinitely large slice of thickness $t \ll s$, and

$R_1\left(\frac{b}{s}, \frac{a}{b}\right)$ is the additional correction to apply because of the finite, rectangular shape.

R_1 is tabulated at page 54 and shown at page 55. $\frac{\pi}{\ln 2} \cdot R_1$ is tabulated at page 56 and shown at page 57.